Factored Form of Quadratic Functions

Only use your calculator to check your answers.

In an equation like y = 2(x + 3)(x - 4), one can quickly find the intercepts and the vertex.

- 1. What is the value of x at the y-intercept? Substitute this value for x in the equation, and find the y-intercept.
- 2. What is the value of y at the x-intercepts? Substitute this value for y in the equation, and find the x-intercepts with the help of the Zero Product Property.
- 3. If you know the x-intercepts, how can you find the x-coordinate of the vertex? Find it.
- 4. If you know the x-coordinate of the vertex, how can you find its y-coordinate? Find it.
- 5. Find the intercepts and vertex for: a. y = .5 (x - .4) (x - 1)b. y = 2 (x + 3) (x + 4)
- 6. Explain in words and symbols how you would find the intercepts and vertex for a function of the form:

$$y = a (x - p) (x - q)$$

- 7. Find the equation and the vertex for a parabola with intercepts:
 - a. (3,0), (6,0), (0,36)
 - b. (3,0), (6,0), (0,9)
 - c. (-3, 0), (-6, 0), (0, -9)
 - d. (-3,0), (6,0), (0,6)
- 8. The vertex and one of the two x-intercepts of parabolas are given. Find the equation and the y-intercept.
 - a. vertex: (2, -2). x-intercept: (1, 0)
 - b. vertex: (1, -12). x-intercept: (-1, 0)
 - c. vertex: (3, 4.5). x-intercept: (6, 0)