## • Nothing Works! The Art of Teaching Mathematics • Henri Picciotto

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## • The Art of Teaching

- Find your profile!
- Example
  - Pasted Graphic
- More examples
  - staying within math vs. making connections
    - over-prepared vs. winging it
      - routine vs. variety
        - enjoyment vs. learning
          - correct vs. incorrect answers
            - intrinsic vs. extrinsic motivation
- Lose your profile!
  - · Learn to navigate along these axes

## • Nothing Works

- Heterogeneous Classes
  - All classes are heterogeneous
  - Pedagogy
    - Alliance with the strongest students
      - Support for the weakest
    - The elevator strategy
      - Stop on all floors
        - Something too difficult
        - Something too easy
        - Something "just right"
    - Pacing

- Constant forward motion
  - Eternal review
- Curriculum
  - "Vertical" activities which provide both access and challenge
    - "No threshold, no ceiling"
      - Example: what perimeters are possible for a given graph paper shape?
        - Many more examples on my Web site
- Tools
  - Manipulative and technogical tools
    - Calculator: TI-89
    - Manipulatives: cubes, geoboards, Lab Gear, pattern blocks, ten-sided dice, ...
    - · Software: Cabri, Fathom, ...
  - Multiple representations of concepts
    - Numeric, symbolic, graphical, geometric, applied, ...
      - To provide an entry point to more students
        - To preview or review concepts
          - To extend exposure
            - To deepen understanding
              - To increase variety
                - To promote engagement
  - However...
    - tools are not magic
- Group Work
  - Random groups
    - new groups every 2 weeks
  - Students mostly work independently
    - $\cdot$  are expected to help each other
  - If a group does not function well
    - · I intervene directly to get the behaviors I want

- If more than one group is stuck
  - · I stop them all for a class discussion
  - $\cdot$  guide on the side vs. sage on the stage
- Discovery
  - Discovery vs. Direct Instruction
    - A false choice: neither works well without the other
      - After exploration, "institutionalization"
        - Make key concepts explicit
          - students may not get there on their own
        - Clarify what is important and worth remembering
          - $\cdot$  and thus worth writing down
        - Make connections
          - with other representations
          - with previous knowledge
          - "Nothing transfers"
- Verbalizing
  - Putting things in words is crucial to understanding
    - I encourage talking
    - I require writing
- Class Discussion
  - True Discussion vs. Interactive Lecture
    - Open-ended questions
  - Creating a safe environment
    - No putdowns
    - I praise participation and risk-taking
      - rather than correct answers
    - "Tell your neighbor..."
    - "Can you restate what X said?"
  - Handling wrong answers
    - write down many answers, then discuss
      - poker face vs. telling
        - "Choose someone to help you"

- Making 'mistakes' myself
- Feedback from all
  - votes
    - gestures
      - writing
- Variety
  - Fanfare vs. total silence
    - New problems, not same as on paper
      - Move around the room
- Homework
  - I keep it reasonable
    - most learning happens at school
  - I keep it separate from class work
    - less rushing, more cooperation
  - "Lagging"
    - Pasted Graphic
      - (constant forward motion, eternal review)
- Assessment
  - Purpose
    - To improve teaching
      - Diagnose student understanding and skills
        - Figure out next steps and generally fine-tune the course
    - To improve learning
      - Let students know where they are
        - Provide learning opportunities
    - Also...
      - Prepare students for future assessments (!)
        - Rank students / assign grades
          - Justify the grades
  - Variations on the quiz/test routine
    - Participation quiz
      - Occasional take-home assignments
        - Test corrections
  - I keep it manageable

- I give homework a quick look
  - I don't write extensive comments on tests
- because...
  - When correcting work, I'm working for one student
    - When planning, I'm working for the whole class
      - A true passion for math and learning is not triggered by assessment or grades
- Sequencing topics
  - Overall
    - The weight of tradition
      - quadratic formula in Algebra 1,
      - exponential functions in Algebra 2
    - Topics can and should move if they are
      - too early (with respect to student's development)
      - too late (more accessible thanks to new approaches)
  - Within a course
    - do important and/or difficult topics early
      - Example: inscribed angles near beginning of Geometry Pasted Graphic
    - separate related topics
      - tangent / sine and cosine
      - exponentials / logarithms
      - sequences / series
- Navigating a topic
  - concrete to abstract, and back
    - positive whole numbers to rational numbers
      - numbers to variables
        - discrete to continuous
          - Example: the Pythagorean theorem on the geoboard Pasted Graphic 
            pythago-geoboard
  - concepts to vocabulary and notation, and back
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  difficult to easy, and back
- Teaching for Understanding
  - Skills vs. concepts

- Another false choice!
- In part because of technology,
  - speed and accuracy are no longer legitimate priorities for math education
    - · understanding is more important than ever
- A student who understands a concept can
  - $\cdot$  explain it
  - reverse processes associated with it
    - distribute  $\leftrightarrow$  factor
  - flexibly use alternative approaches
    - e.g. to equation solving
  - · successfully handle non-rote assessments
  - navigate between multiple representations
- Understanding...
  - is difficult to encapsulate in a checklist
    - cannot be easily conferred by explanations
      - is difficult to assess
        - is not always valued by students and parents

• is the most important part of our job

- Nothing works...
  - ...for every student, every class, every teacher, every day
  - I am skeptical of claims that some particular approach is the answer
    - whether 'traditional' or 'reform'
  - I don't throw away or rule out any technique
    - I try to constantly broaden my repertoire
      - $\cdot$  I am eclectic

## • The Art of Learning

- Teaching / Learning
  - In the end, there is no teaching...
    - ...only learning
    - Thus the goal: self-motivated students

• Our own learning

- about math
  - about learning
    - $\cdot$  is what makes the job interesting in the long haul

• There is no one way